Sikkim State Electricity Regulatory Commission (SSERC)

Gangtok-737102

Notification

No. 10 / SSERC / RPO / 2013

Gangtok, the 23rd September, 2013

In exercise of Powers conferred under sections 61, 66, 86 (1) (e) and 181 of the Electricity Act, 2003 and all other powers enabling the Commission in this behalf, the Sikkim State Electricity Regulatory Commission hereby makes the following regulations for procurement of energy from renewable sources by distribution licensees for its compliance:

1. Short title, commencement and extent of application

1.1 These regulations may be called the Sikkim State Electricity Regulatory Commission (Renewable Energy Purchase Obligation and its Compliance) Regulations, 2013.

1.2 These regulations shall come into force from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette of the Government of Sikkim.

1.3 These regulations shall apply throughout the State of Sikkim.

2 Definitions

2.1 In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,

a) ‘Act’ means the Electricity Act, 2003 (36 of 2003);
b) ‘Central Agency’ means the agency operating the National Load Despatch Centre or such other agency as the Central Commissions may designate from time to time;

c) ‘Central Commission’ means the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission referred to in sub-section (1) of section 76 of the Act;

d) ‘Certificate’ means the renewable energy certificate issued by the Central Agency in accordance with the procedures laid down by it and under the provisions specified in the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010 as amended from time to time;

e) ‘Commission means the Sikkim States Electricity Regulatory Commission;

f) ‘Floor price’ means the minimum price as determined by the Central Commission in accordance with the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010, as amended from time to time, at above which the certificate can be dealt in the power exchange;

g) ‘Forbearance price’ means the ceiling price as determined by the Central Commission in accordance with the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010, as amended from time to time, within which only the certificates can be dealt in the power exchange;

h) ‘MNRE’ means the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy;

i) ‘Obligated entity’ means the entity mandated under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 86 of the Act to fulfil the renewable purchase obligation;

j) ‘Power Exchange’ means any power exchange which operates with the approval of the Central Commission;

k) ‘Preferential tariff’ means the tariff fixed by the Commission for sale of energy, from a generating station using renewable energy sources, to a distribution licensee;

l) ‘Renewable energy sources’ means renewable sources such as small hydro, wind, solar including its integration with combined cycle, biomass, bio fuel cogeneration, urban or municipal waste and such other sources as recognized or approved by MNRE;
m) ‘Renewable purchase obligation’ means the requirement specified by the Commission under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 86 of the Act, for the obligated entity to purchase electricity from renewable energy sources;

n) ‘State Agency’ means the agency in the Stat of Sikkim as may be designated by the Commission to act as the agency for accreditation and recommending the renewable energy projects for registration and to undertake functions under these regulations;

o) ‘Year’ means a financial year.

2.2 Words and expressions used in these regulations and not defined herein but defined in the Act or the regulations issued by the Central Commission or any other regulations issued by the Commission, shall have the same meaning assigned to them respectively in the Act or such regulations issued by the Central Commission or such other regulations issued by the Commission.

3 Applicability

These Regulations shall apply to,

(1) Distribution Licensees

(2) Any other person consuming electricity (i) generated from conventional Captive Generating Plant having capacity of 5 MW and above for his own use and/or (ii) procured from conventional generation through open access and third party sale.

4 Quantum of Renewable Purchase Obligation (RPO)

4.1 Each distribution licensee shall purchase electricity (in kWh) from renewable energy sources, at a defined minimum percentage of the total consumption of its consumers including T & D losses during a year.

Similarly, Captive and open Access user(s) / consumer(s) shall purchase electricity (in kWh) from renewable energy sources, at a defined minimum percentage of his/her total consumption during a year.

The defined minimum percentages are given in Table:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Minimum Quantum of purchase (in %) from renewable energy sources (in terms of energy in kWh)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Power Purchase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013-14</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the above mentioned minimum quantum of power purchase from solar is not available in a particular year, then in such cases, additional non-solar energy, over and above that shown in column 4, shall be utilized for fulfilment of the RPO in accordance with column 2.

Provided further, such obligation to purchase electricity from renewable energy sources shall be inclusive of the purchases, if any, from renewable energy sources already being made by obligated entity concerned;

Provided also that the power purchases under the power purchase agreements for the purchase of renewable energy sources already entered into by the distribution licensees shall continue to be made till their present validity, even if the total purchases under such agreements exceed the percentage as specified hereinabove.

4.2 The Commission may, on its own or at the request of a licensee, revise the percentage targets for a year as per clause 4.1 of these Regulations keeping in view supply constraints or other factors beyond the control of the licensee.

4.3 The RPO specified for the Financial Year 2015-16 shall be continued beyond 2015-16 till any revision is effected by the Commission in this regard.

5. Certificates under the Regulations of the Central Commission

5.1 Subject to the terms and conditions contained in these regulations, the certificates issued under the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010 shall be the valid instruments for the discharge of the mandatory obligations set out in these regulations for the obligated entities to purchase electricity from renewable energy sources;

Provided that in the event of the obligated entity fulfilling the renewable purchase obligation by purchase of certificates, the obligation to purchase electricity from generation based on solar as renewable energy source can be fulfilled by purchase of solar certificates only, and the obligation to purchase electricity from generation
based on renewable energy other than solar can be fulfilled by purchase of non-solar certificates.

5.2 Subject to such direction as the Commission may give from time to time, the obligated entity shall act consistent with the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010, as amended from time to time, notified by the Central Commission in regard to the procurement of the certificates for fulfilment of the Renewable Purchase Obligation under these Regulations.

5.3 The certificates purchased by the obligated entities from the power exchange in terms of the regulations of the Central Commission mentioned in clause (5.1) of this Regulation shall be deposited by the obligated entities to the Commission in accordance with the detailed procedure issued by the Central Agency.

6. State Agency and its Functions

6.1 The Commission shall designate an agency as State Agency for accreditation and recommending the renewable energy projects for registration and to undertake functions under these regulations.

6.2 The State Agency shall function in accordance with the directions issued by the Commission and shall act consistent with the procedures, rules laid by Central Agency for discharge of its functions under the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for recognition and issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations, 2010.

6.3 The State Agency shall submit quarterly status to the Commission in respect of compliance of renewable purchase obligation by the obligated entities in a suitable format and may suggest appropriate action to the Commission, if required, for compliance of the renewable purchases obligation.

6.4 The Commission may from time to time fix the remuneration and charges payable to the State Agency for discharge of its functions under these regulations to be recovered from obligated entities.
6.5 If the Commission is satisfied that the State Agency is not able to discharge its functions satisfactorily, it may by general or special order, and by recording reasons in writing, designate any other agency to function as State Agency as it considers appropriate.

7. Distribution Licensee

7.1 Each distribution licensee shall indicate, along with sufficient proof thereof, the estimated quantum of purchase from renewable energy sources for the ensuing year in tariff/ annual performance review petition in accordance with Regulations notified by the Commission. The estimated quantum of purchase shall be in accordance with clause 4.1 of these regulations of the approved power purchase quantity for the ensuring year(s). In the event of the actual consumption in the license area being different from that approved by the Commission, the RPO shall be deemed to have been modified in accordance with clause 4.1. If the distribution licensee is unable to fulfil the obligation, the shortfall of the specified quantum of that year would be added to the specified quantum for the next year. However, credit for excess purchase from renewable energy sources would not be adjusted in the ensuing year.

7.2 Despite availability of renewable energy sources, if the distribution licensee fails to fulfil the minimum quantum of purchase from renewable energy sources, it shall be liable to pay compensation as per clause (9) of these regulations.

8. Captive and Open Access User(s) / Consumer(s)

8.1 The quantum of RPO mentioned in clause 4.1of these regulations shall be applicable to captive and open access user(s)/consumer(s) from the date as would be notified in the Official Gazette.

8.2 Every Captive and Open access consumer(s)/ User(s) shall have to submit necessary details regarding total consumption of electricity and purchase of energy from renewable sources for fulfilment of RPO on yearly basis on or before 30th April to the State Agency.

8.3 Captive and Open Access Consumer(s)/ User(s) shall purchase renewable energy as stated in Table 1 of these regulations. If the captive user(s) and Open Access consumer(s) are unable to fulfil the criteria, the shortfall of the targeted quantum would attract payment of regulatory charge as per Regulation 9.
8.4 Captive / Open Access consumer(s) User(s) may fulfil its RPO through the renewable energy certificate as provided in Regulation 5 above.

9 Effect of Default

9.1 If the obligated entity does not fulfil the renewable purchase obligation as provided in these regulations during any year and also does not purchase the certificates, the Commission may direct the obligated entity to deposit into a separate fund, to be created and maintained by such obligated entity, such amount as the Commission may determine on the basis of the shortfall in units of renewable purchase obligation and the forbearance price decided by the Central Commission; Provided that the fund so created shall be utilized, as may be directed by the Commission, for purchase of the certificates; Provided further that the Commission may empower an officer of the State Agency to procure from the power exchange the required number of certificates to the extent of the shortfall in the fulfilment of the obligations, out of the amount in the fund; Provided also that the distribution licensee shall be in breach of its licence conditions if it fails to deposit the amount directed by the commission within 15 days of the commission of the direction.  

9.2 In case of genuine difficulty in complying with the renewable purchase obligation because of non-availability of certificates or otherwise, the obligated entity can approach the Commission for carrying forward of compliance requirement to the next year; Provided that where the Commission has consented to carry forward of compliance requirement, the provision regarding payment of regulatory charges as specified above shall not be applicable.

10 Grid Connectivity

Any person generating electricity from renewable energy sources, irrespective of installed capacity, shall have open access to any licensee’s transmission system and / or distribution system or grid as the case may be. On an application from such person, the transmission licensee or distribution licensee shall provide appropriate interconnection facilities, as far as feasible, before Commercial Operation Date of the renewable energy project. Such interconnection follows the grid connectivity
standards as specified in the Indian Standard Grid Code, State Code and / or the manner prescribed by the Central Electricity Authority.

The STU/SLDC/Licensee shall make best offers to strengthen the system to provide timely open access to transmit power renewable energy sources.

11. Cross-Subsidy Surcharges
Third Party Sale from renewable energy sources shall be exempted from the cross-subsidy surcharges determined by the Commission from time to time. However, no banking facility shall be provided for supply (third party sale) from renewable energy sources through open access.

12. Power to Relax
The Commission may by general or special order, for reasons to be recorded in writing, and after giving an opportunity of hearing to the parties likely to be affected may relax or may wave any of the provisions of these regulations on its own motion or on an application made before it by an interested person.

13. Power to Remove Difficulties
The Commission shall, suo motu or on an application from any person generating electricity from renewable energy sources or a distribution licensee or captive user or open access consumer may review, add, amend or alter any of these regulations and pass appropriate orders to remove any difficulty in exercising the provisions of these regulations.

Sd/-
T.T. Dorji, IAS (Rtd.)
Chairperson, SSERC